

Limit and Continuity: Types of discontinuity

Removable Discontinuity :-

$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)$ exist (finite)

$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) \neq f(a)$

Ex:-

$$\frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2}$$

$$\underline{\underline{x = 2}}$$

$$f(2) = \frac{4 - 4}{2 - 2} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{(x-2)(x+2)}{(x-2)} = 4.$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) = 4, \text{ exist (finite)}$$

Discontinuity of first kind

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a^-} f(x) \neq \lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} f(x) \text{ But } \lim_{x \rightarrow a^-} f(x) \text{ &}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} f(x)$$

both exist

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & x > 0 \\ -1 & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

Discontinuity of second kind.

$\lim_{x \rightarrow a^-} f(x)$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} f(x)$ does not exist

L.H.L + R.H.L does not exist