

## Derivative of Hyperbolic functions: lecture 1

$$\sinh x = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}$$

$$\cosh x = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}$$

$$\tanh x = \frac{\sinh x}{\cosh x} = \frac{\frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}}{\frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}} = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}}$$

$$\operatorname{Cot}hx = \frac{\operatorname{Cosh}x}{\operatorname{Sinh}x} = \frac{\frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}}{\frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{e^x - e^{-x}}$$


$$\operatorname{Cosec}hx = \frac{1}{\operatorname{Sinh}x} = \frac{2}{e^x - e^{-x}}$$

$$\operatorname{Sec}hx = \frac{1}{\operatorname{Cosh}x} = \frac{2}{e^x + e^{-x}}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \sinh x = \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (e^x - e^{-x}(-1))$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (e^x + e^{-x}) = \cosh x$$


$$\frac{d}{dx} \cosh x = \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2} \right) = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}(-1)}{2}$$

$$= \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2} = \sinh x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \tanh x = \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{\sinh x}{\cosh x} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\cosh x \frac{d}{dx} (\sinh x) - \sinh x \frac{d}{dx} \cosh x}{\cosh^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{\cosh x \cdot \cosh x - \sinh x \cdot \sinh x}{\cosh^2 x}$$

$$\sinh x = \cosh x$$

$$\cosh x = \sinh x$$

$$\tanh x = \operatorname{sech}^2 x$$

$$\coth x = -\operatorname{cosech}^2 x$$

$$\operatorname{cosech} x = -\operatorname{cosech} x$$

$$\coth x$$

$$\operatorname{sech} x = -\operatorname{sech} x \tanh x$$

$$= \frac{\cosh^2 x - \sinh^2 x}{\cosh^2 x} = \frac{1}{\cosh^2 x} = \operatorname{sech}^2 x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \coth x = \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{\cosh x}{\sinh x} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\sinh x \frac{d}{dx} (\cosh x) - \cosh x \frac{d}{dx} \sinh x}{\sinh^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{\sinh x \cdot \sinh x - \cosh x \cdot \cosh x}{\sinh^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{\sinh^2 x - \cosh^2 x}{\sinh^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{- (\cosh^2 x - \sinh^2 x)}{\sinh^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{-1}{\sinh^2 x} = - \underline{\underline{\operatorname{cosech}^2 x}}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \operatorname{cosec} hx = \frac{d}{dx} \frac{1}{\sinh hx} = \frac{d}{dx} (\sinh hx)^{-1}$$

$$= (-1) (\sinh x)^{-1-1} \frac{d}{dx} \sinh x$$

$$= -1 (\sinh x)^{-2} \cdot \cosh x = \frac{-1}{\sinh^2 x} \cdot \cosh x$$

$$= \frac{-1}{\sinh x} \cdot \frac{\cosh x}{\sinh x} = -\operatorname{cosech} x \coth x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \operatorname{sech} x = \frac{d}{dx} \frac{1}{\cosh x} = \frac{d}{dx} (\cosh x)^{-1}$$

$$= -(\cosh x)^{-1-1} \frac{d(\cosh x)}{dx}$$

$$= -(\cosh x)^{-2} \cdot \sinh x$$

$$= \frac{-\sinh x}{\cosh x \cdot \cosh x} = -\operatorname{sech} x \tanh x.$$



OMG { MATHS }  
The poetry of logical ideas.