Limit and Continuity Let X and y are metric spaces. A function f: X -> y is Continous iff f-1(c) is closed set in X I closed set c in y. f→ Continous Proof: f:x → y is Continous C is closed set in y. =) (Y-C) is open set in y. →Y is continous iff]) is open set in X + =) f - (Y-c) is open set in X. =) f-1(y) - f-1(c) is opening Open set u iny



 $f^{-1}(v)$ is open set in χ . =) $f: X \rightarrow Y$ is Continous. $f: X \rightarrow Y$ is Continous iff f'(u) is Open set in $X \rightarrow Y$ open set V in YHence foored.