

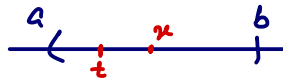
Limit and Continuity

f is monotonically increasing function defined on (a, b) then $f(x^+)$ and $f(x^-)$ exists at every point x of (a, b) and

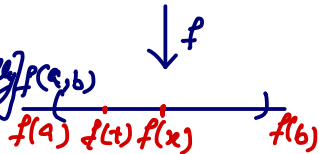
$$\sup_{a < t < x} f(t) = f(x^-) < f(x) < f(x^+) = \inf_{x < t < b} f(t)$$

Proof

$$A = \{f(t) : a < t < x\}$$



$f(t) < f(x)$ \because f is monotonically increasing



\Rightarrow set A is Bounded above

By Order Completeness property.

$\sup A$ exists

Let $\sup A = u$.

By def of \sup .

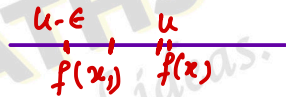
for $\epsilon > 0$ $\exists x_1 \in (a, x)$

s.t. $u - \epsilon < f(x_1) \leq u \quad \forall x_1 \in (a, x)$

$u - \epsilon < f(t) \leq u \quad \forall t \in (x_1, x)$

$u - \epsilon < f(t) < u + \epsilon \quad \forall t \in (x_1, x) \quad \delta > 0$
 $x_1 - x = \delta$

$u - \epsilon < f(t) < u + \epsilon$ for $x - \delta < t < x$



$$-\epsilon < f(t) - u < \epsilon \quad \text{for } x - \delta < t < x$$

$$|f(t) - u| < \epsilon \quad \text{for } x - \delta < t < x.$$

$$f(x^-) = u.$$

$$u = \sup A$$

$$A = \text{upper Bound } \underline{f(x)}$$

$$u \leq f(x)$$

$$\sup_{a < t < x} f(t) = f(x^-) \leq f(x) \quad - \textcircled{1}$$

$$B = \{ f(t) \quad x < t < b \}$$

$$\text{Now } f(\frac{x}{2}) \geq f(x)$$

$[\because f \text{ is Monotonically increasing}]$

Set B is Bounded Below

By order completeness property.

$\inf B$ exists

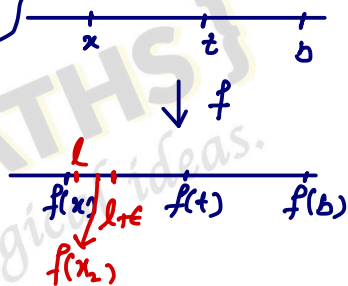
Let $\inf B = l$.

By def. of Infimum.

for $\epsilon > 0 \exists x_2 \in (x, b)$

$$l \leq f(x_2) < l + \epsilon$$

$$l \leq f(t) < l + \epsilon \quad \forall t \in (x, x_2)$$



$$l - \epsilon < f(t) < l + \epsilon \quad \text{for } t \in (x, x_2)$$

$$l - \epsilon < f(t) < l + \epsilon \quad \text{for } x < t < x + \delta \quad x_2 - x = \delta$$

$$|f(t) - l| < \epsilon \quad \text{for } x < t < x + \delta$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x^+) = l$$

Now

$$l \geq f(x)$$

$$f(x^+) \geq f(x)$$

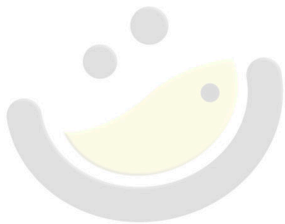
$$\inf_{x < t < b} f(t) = f(x^+) \geq \underline{f(x)}$$

$\left[\begin{array}{l} \because l \text{ is } \inf B \\ \text{also } B \text{ has lower bound} \\ f(x) \end{array} \right]$

- (2)

$$\sup_{a < t < x} f(t) = f(x-) \leq f(x) \leq f(x+) = \inf_{x < t < b} f(t)$$

Hence Proved.



OMG { MATHS }

The poetry of logical ideas.