

# Preparation for CSIR NET | IIT JAM | GATE

## General Aptitude: Numerical Ability

Which of the following  
7-digit numbers cannot be  
perfect squares.

A.  $45xyz26$

(a) Only A

B.  $2xyz175$

(b) Only B

C.  $xyz3310$

(c) Only C

(d) All three.

Last digits of perfect  
square are:

0, 1, 4, 5, 6, 9. Only.

Other tricks used.

Odd 6

Even 5

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clear the  
concept

If NET 14 and NET 15 are 5-digit numbers such that their sum is 157229 and then  $N + E + T = ?$

(A) 15

(B) 21

(C) 25

(D) 72

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{NET 14} \\ \text{NET 15} \\ \hline 157229 \end{array}$$

$$2\text{NET} = 1572$$

$$\text{NET} = 786$$

$$N + E + T = 21$$

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$N, E, T$  are distinct +ve integers

s.t. If  $N \times E \times T = 2013$

Which of the following is Max

possible sum of  $N, E, T$

- (a) 39
- (b) 671
- (c) 2015
- (d) 675

$$N \times E \times T = 2013$$

$$= 671 \times 3$$

$$= 671 \times 3 \times 1$$

$$\begin{matrix} \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ N & & E & & T \end{matrix}$$

$$N + E + T = 675$$

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$$P + \frac{1}{Q} = 1 \quad \text{and} \quad Q + \frac{1}{R} = 1$$

What is  $PQR = ?$

(a)  $-1$

(b)  $2$

(c)  $-2$

(d) Can not be Calculated

$$P + \frac{1}{Q} = 1$$

$$PQ + 1 = Q$$

$$PQR + R = QR$$

$$Q + \frac{1}{R} = 1$$

$$QR + R = 1$$

$$QR = 1 - R.$$

$$PQR + R = 1 - R.$$

$$PQR = -1$$

$$A \times B = 24$$

$$B \times C = 32$$

$$C \times D = 48$$

find  $A \times D$

(a) cannot be found.

(b) is a perfect square

(c) is a perfect cube

(d) is odd

$$\frac{A \times B \times C \times D}{B \times C}$$

$$B \times C$$

$$\frac{24 \times 48}{32} = 36$$

$$\underline{6 \times 6}$$

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Which of the following is perfect square.

~~(a)~~ 2042122

✓ (b) 1022121

~~(c)~~ 4083128

~~(d)~~ 3063126

Last digit of perfect square are  
0, 1, 4, 5, 6, 9

No. before 6 is always odd.

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A, B, C are three distinct digits If they are added as Below.

$$\begin{array}{r} A \quad B \quad C \\ + A \quad B \quad C \\ + A \quad B \quad C \\ \hline C \quad C \quad C \end{array}$$

Find value of A, B, C.

~~(a)~~  $A = 3 \quad B = 4 \quad C = 5$       ~~(c)~~  $A = 2 \quad B = 3 \quad C = 1$

~~(b)~~  $A = 5 \quad B = 1 \quad C = 3$       ~~(d)~~  $A = 1 \quad B = 8 \quad C = 5$