

Limit of a function

Let (X, d_1) and (Y, d_2) be two metric spaces.

Let $E \subseteq X$ and c be limit point of E .

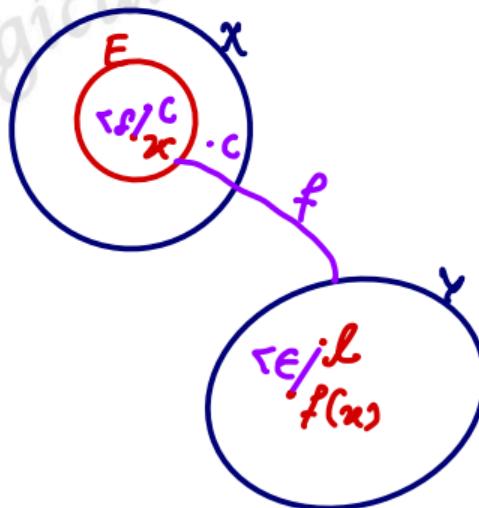
Let $f: E \rightarrow Y$ be a function.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow c} f(x) = l \quad [l \in Y]$$

if for given $\epsilon > 0$ $\exists \delta > 0$

$$\text{s.t. } d_2(f(x), l) < \epsilon$$

When $d_1(x, c) < \delta$ $x \in E$





OMG{MATHS}
The poetry of logical ideas

$$\underline{L^E} \quad \underline{\langle \frac{1}{2} \rangle \bar{\Phi}_c}$$

$$E \cap (c-s, c+s) - \{c\} \neq \emptyset.$$